

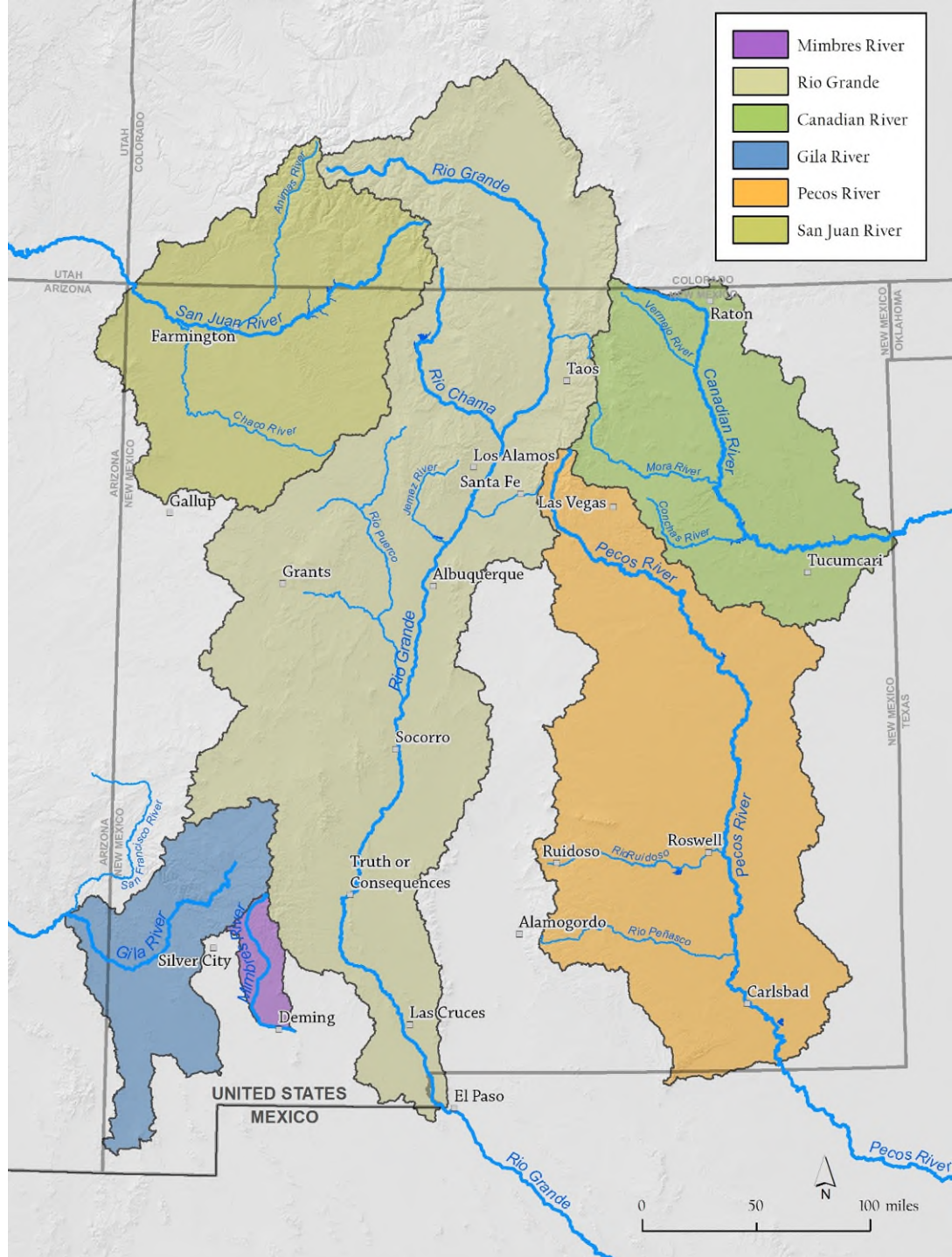


**Ecosystem processes,
challenges and opportunities
across river basins
in New Mexico**

Martha S. Cooper

The Nature Conservancy

Feb. 13, 2024





Fall-Winter Base Flow



Snowmelt Runoff

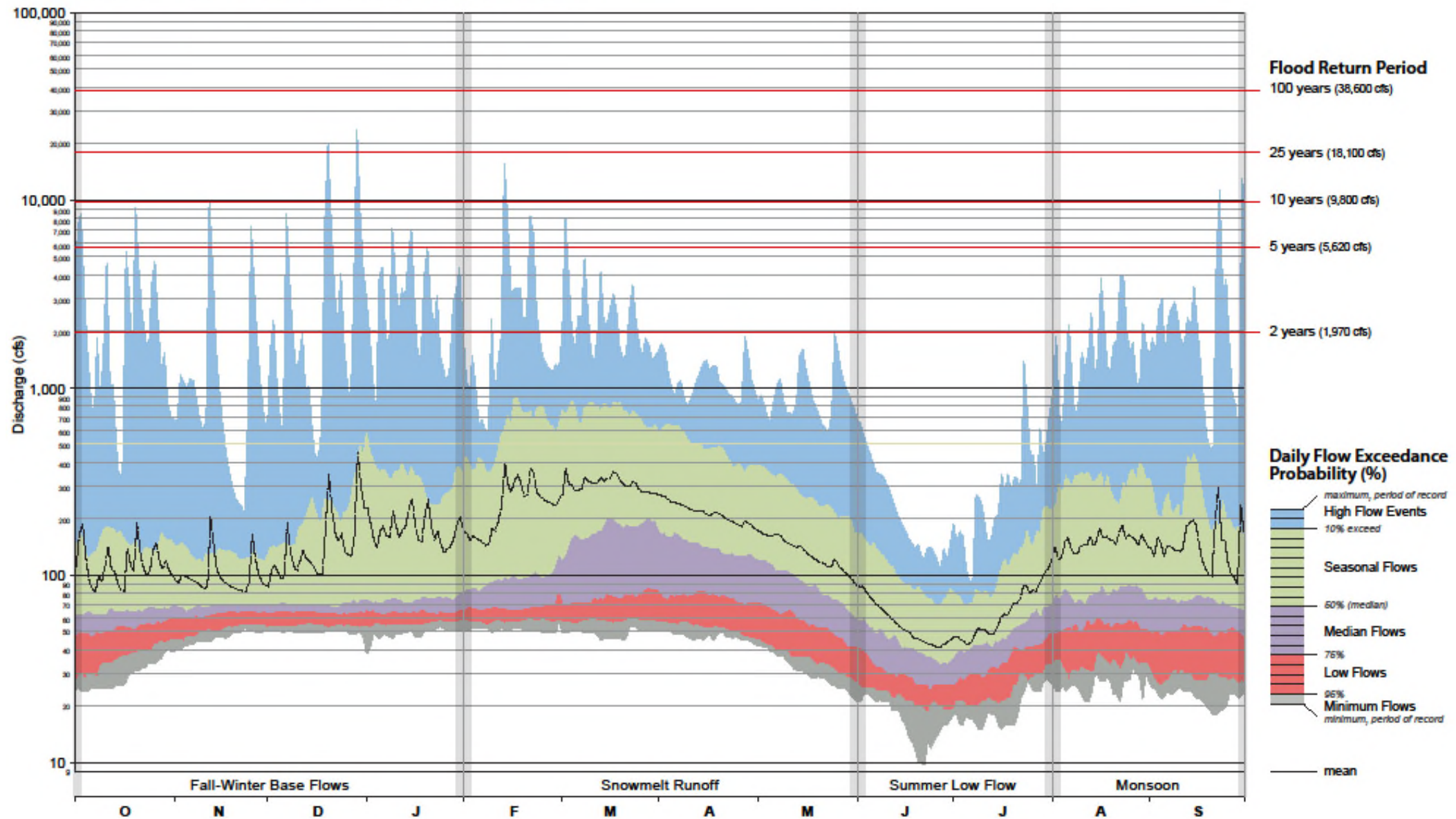


Summer Low Flow

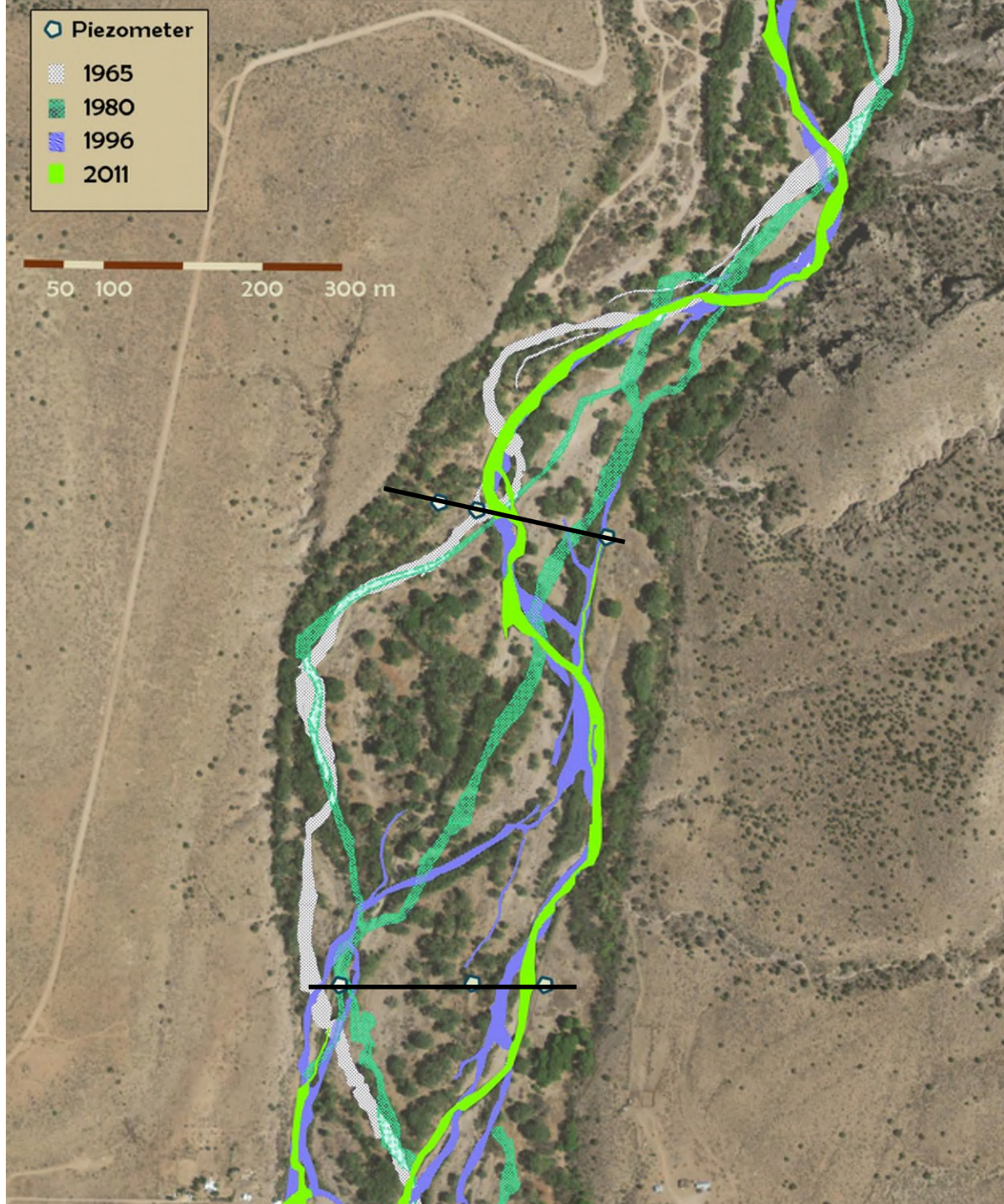


Monsoon Flow

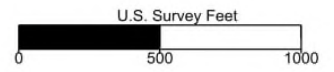
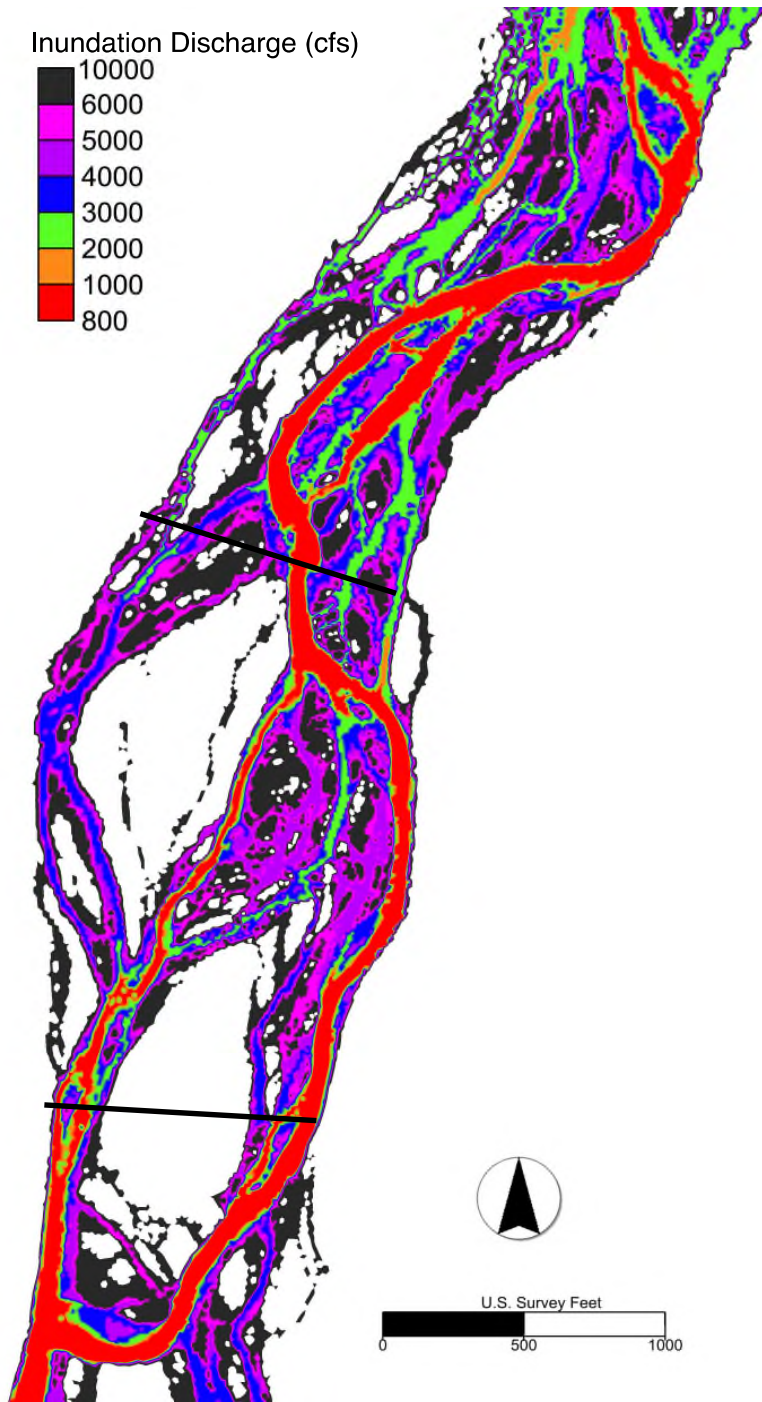
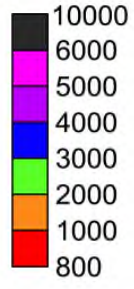
Gila near Gila — Flow Statistics (1929–2012)

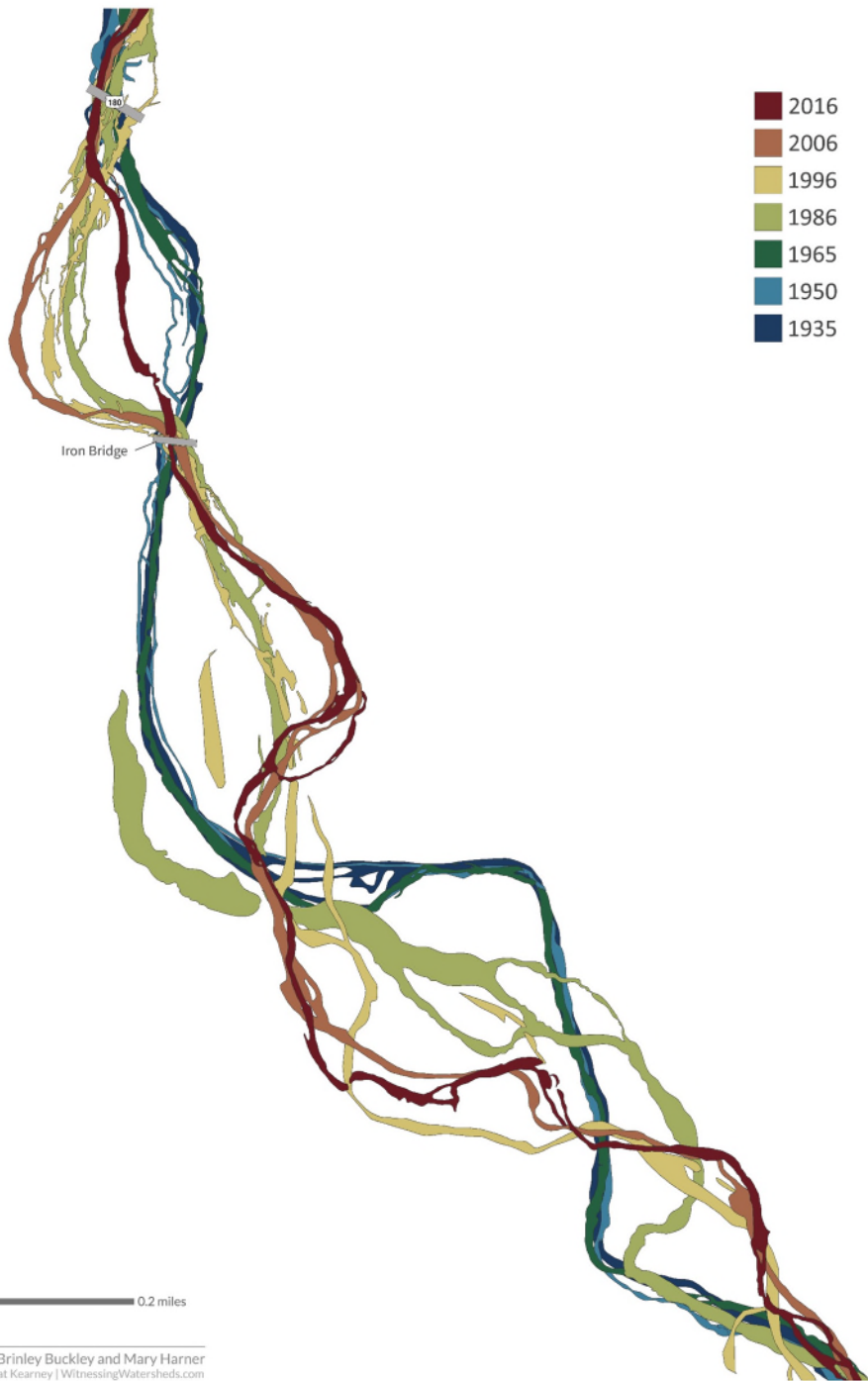






Inundation Discharge (cfs)





- 2016
- 2006
- 1996
- 1986
- 1965
- 1950
- 1935

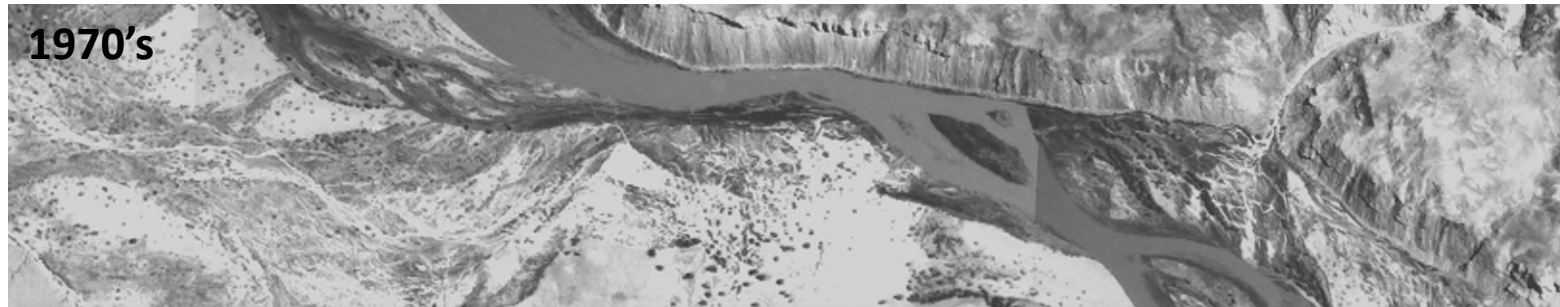
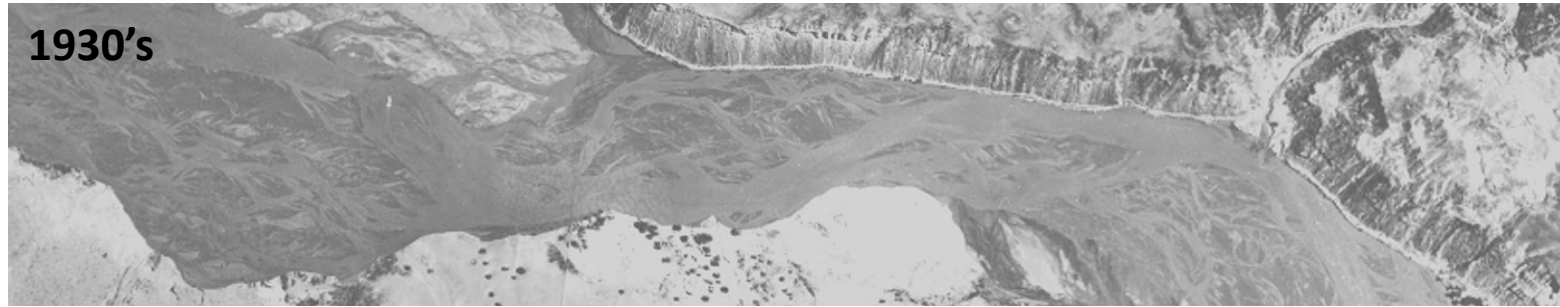


Courtesy of Emma Brinley Buckley and Mary Harner
University of Nebraska at Kearney | WitnessingWatersheds.com



San Juan River





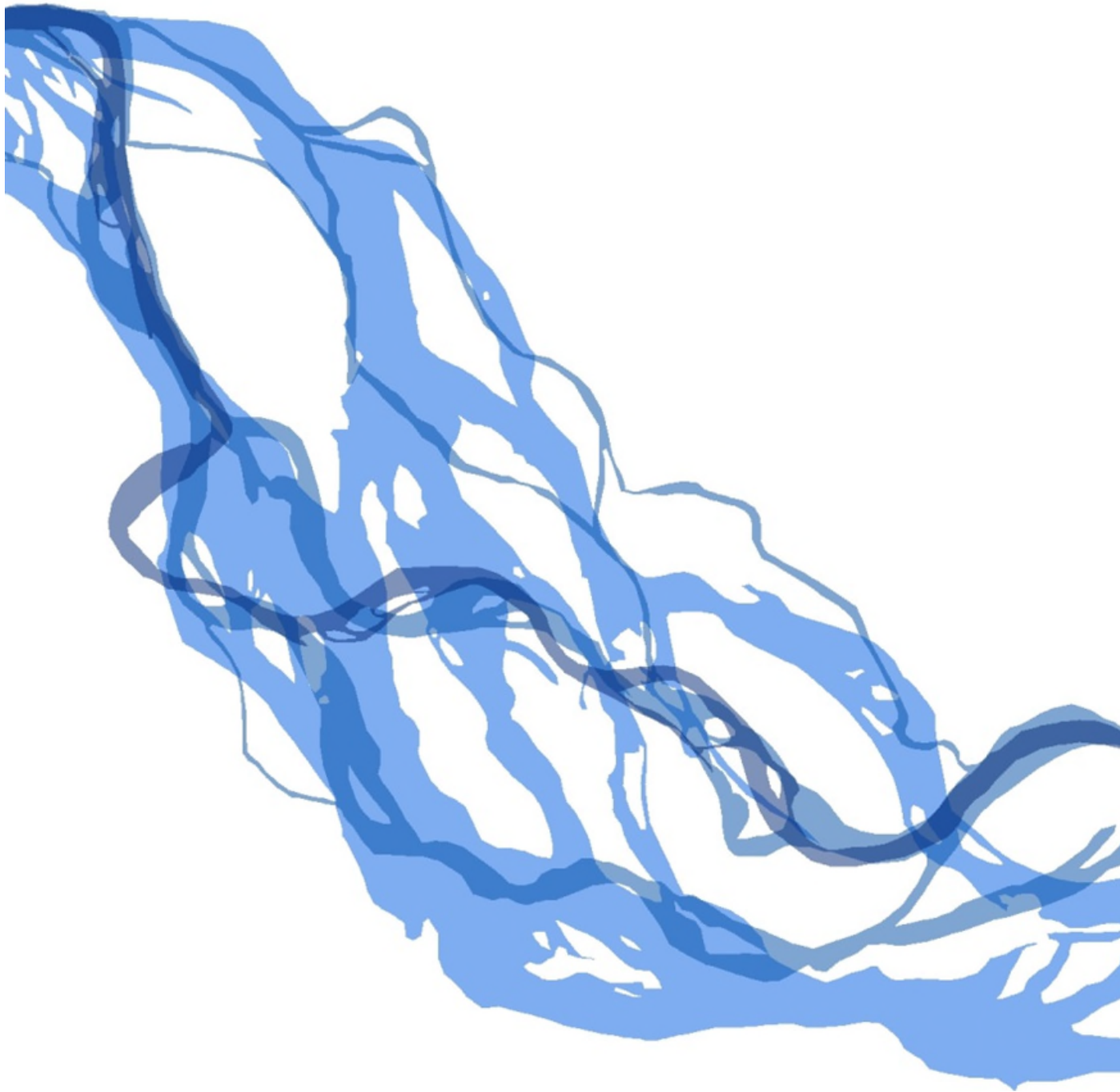


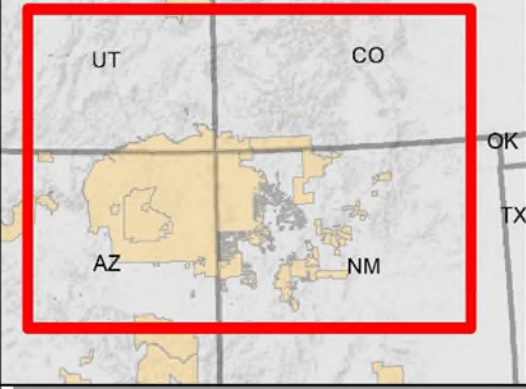
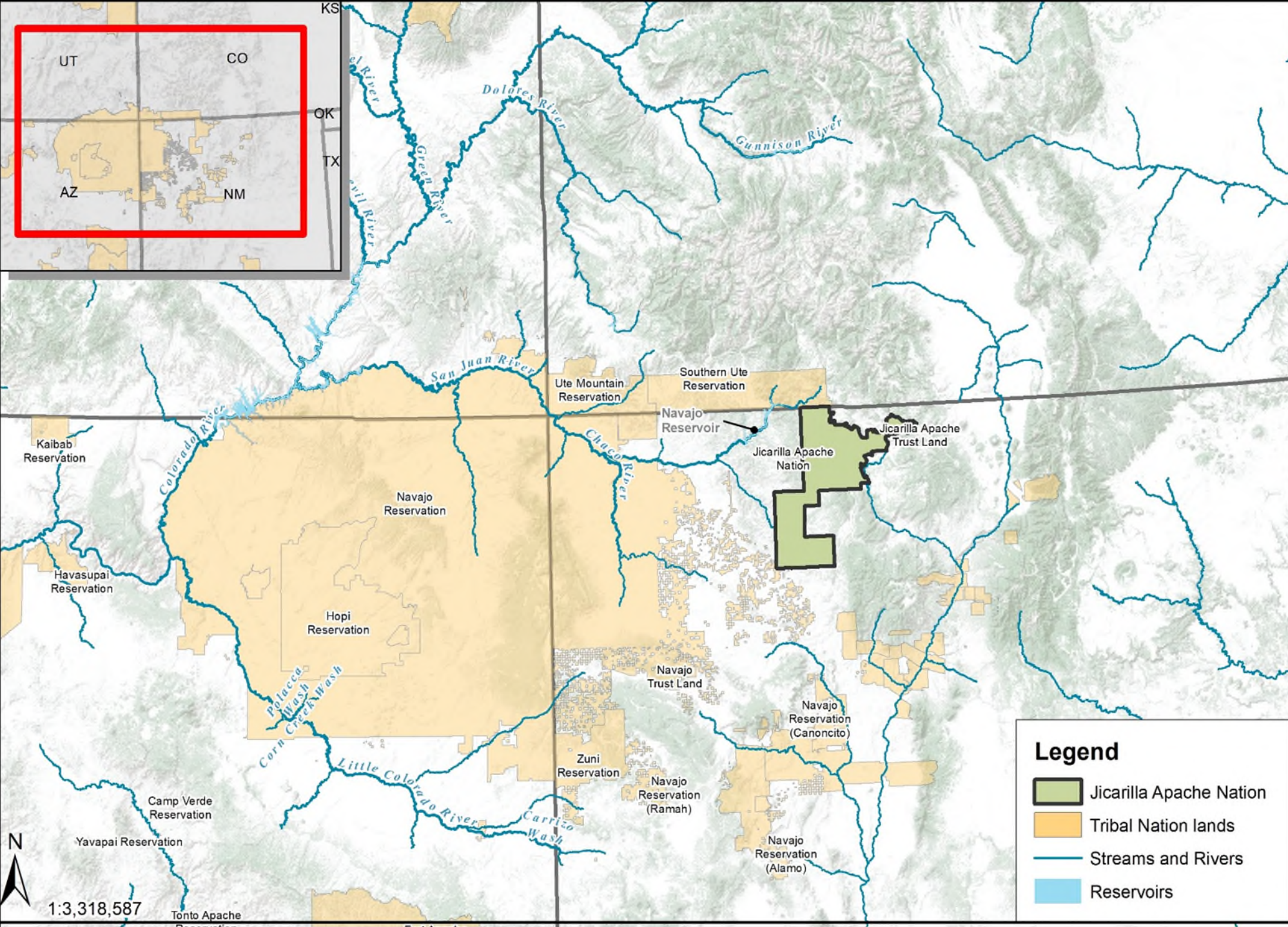


N 684

Phase II backwater site

Google Earth





Legend

- Jicarilla Apache Nation
- Tribal Nation lands
- Streams and Rivers
- Reservoirs



1:3,318,587

Tonto Apache


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FhKCd3gtA2E>






Approach to Determine 2023 Release Decision

A Technical Team consisting of representatives of the NMISC, JAN, and TNC was assembled to identify alternative uses for this water.



The Team elicited input from 14 experts in hydrology, geomorphology, and fisheries with direct knowledge of the San Juan River.



The Team conferred with BOR hydrologist to better understand dam operations.



2023 Decision by NMISC based on current collective understanding of the system, supported by literature and expert judgment.

Flow Release Options

Winter Releases (Jan-May) - High magnitude/short duration flushing flow

Supplement the Spring Peak (May-Jun) - Add water to annual spring peak

Supplement Summer Baseflow (Jul-Sep) - Increase post-runoff baseflows

Supplement Fall Baseflow (Oct-Dec) - Increase fall baseflows

What we hope to learn...



Implementation – practical matters related to the release.



Adaptive Management – monitor and incorporate what we learn into subsequent years' decisions.



Flows – flows observed at the downstream gages associated with releases.



Physical – distribution, connectivity, and quality of backwaters.

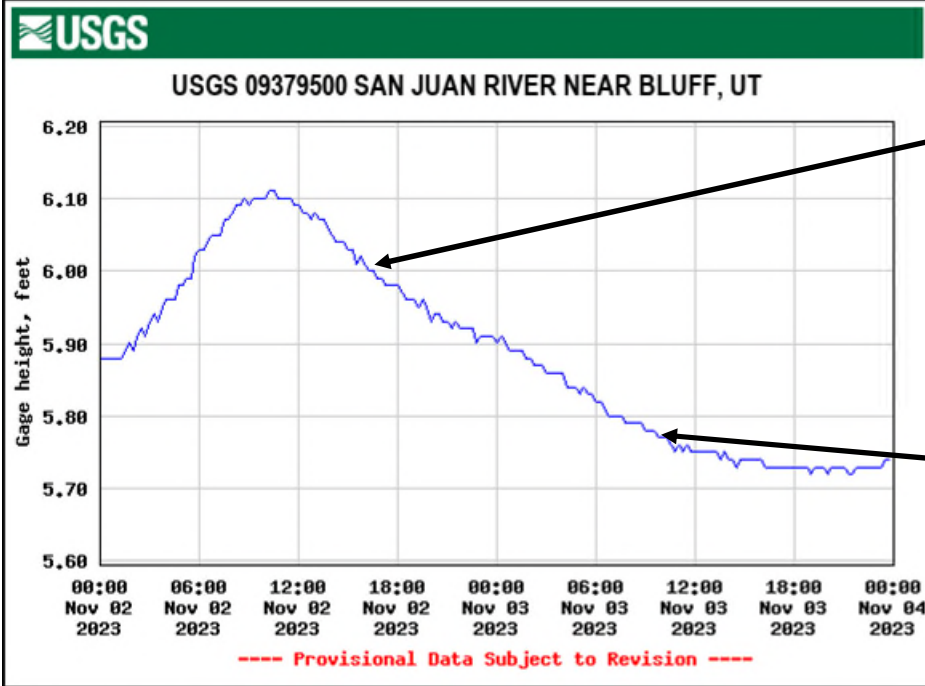


Biological – larval/young-of-year fish persistence in the backwaters.

Pressure Transducer Installation

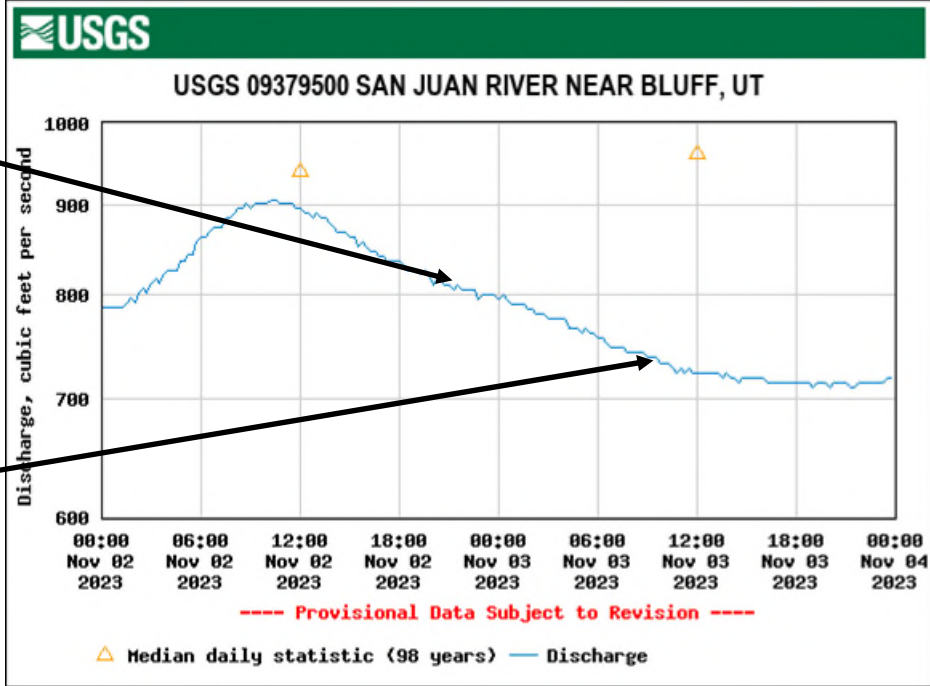






Connected with a few inches depth at about 800 cfs at about 5 PM on 11/2/2023

Dropped about 0.3 ft and almost disconnected at about 750 cfs at about 10 AM on 11/3/2023







Adapting Farming and Ranching - Colorado River Resilience (resilientcoriver.org)

Identifying environmental flow requirements for the Pecos River

https://www.hec.usace.army.mil/sustainable_rivers/publications/docs/Pecos%20-%20Identifying%20environmental%20flow%20requirements.pdf

Credit: Paul Tashjian



PECOS SUSTAINABLE RIVERS PROGRAM

RIVER REACHES

- Pecos River
- Reach A
- Reach B
- Reach C
- Gage
- Dam
- Sub-reach C-1
- Sub-reach C-2
- Sub-reach C-3

N

Data Source: USACE, USFWS, USGS
Coordinate System: UTM Zone 13N, NAD83, Meters

Map Date: 3/29/2022

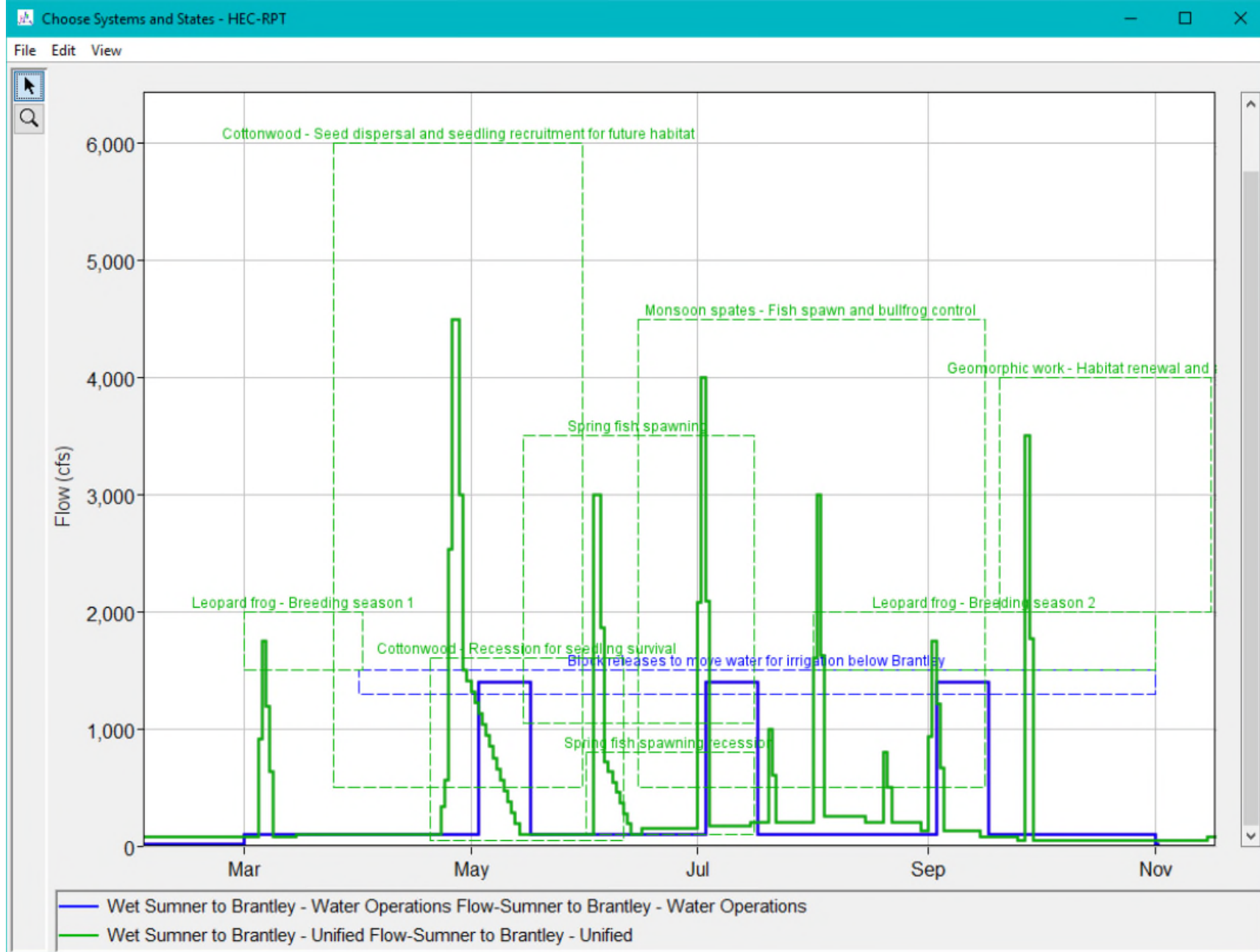


Figure 21. Unified e-flows (green) and flows prescribed by the water operations group (blue), wet years, Sumner to Brantley (Reach C).

