

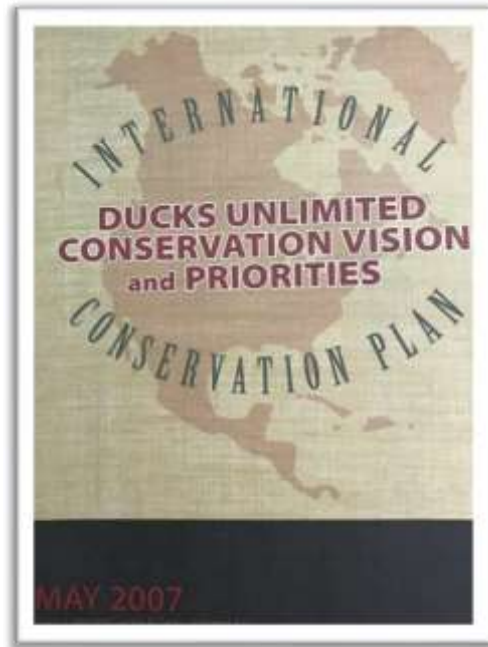
Data for Conservation in the Mississippi River Corridor

*Dr. Karen Waldrop, Chief Conservation Officer
Ducks Unlimited*

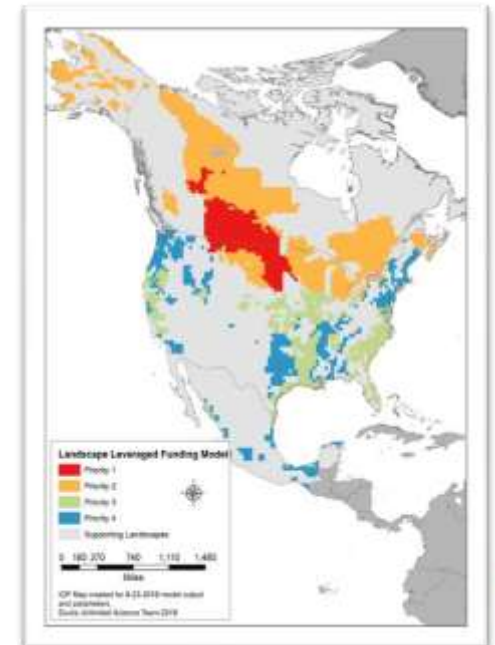


Ducks Unlimited's Conservation Mission

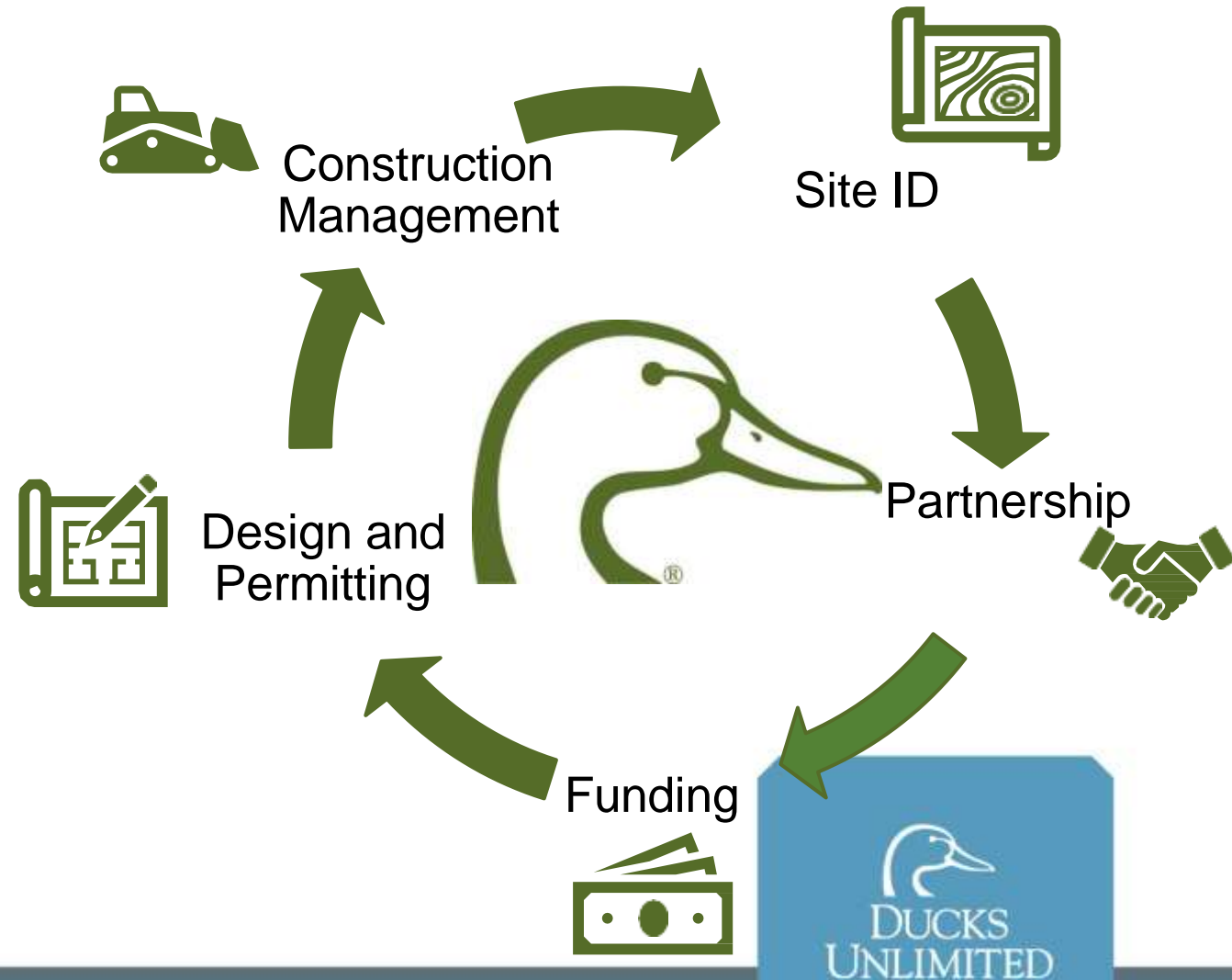
Ducks Unlimited conserves, restores, and manages wetlands and associated habitats for North America's waterfowl. These habitats also benefit other wildlife and people.



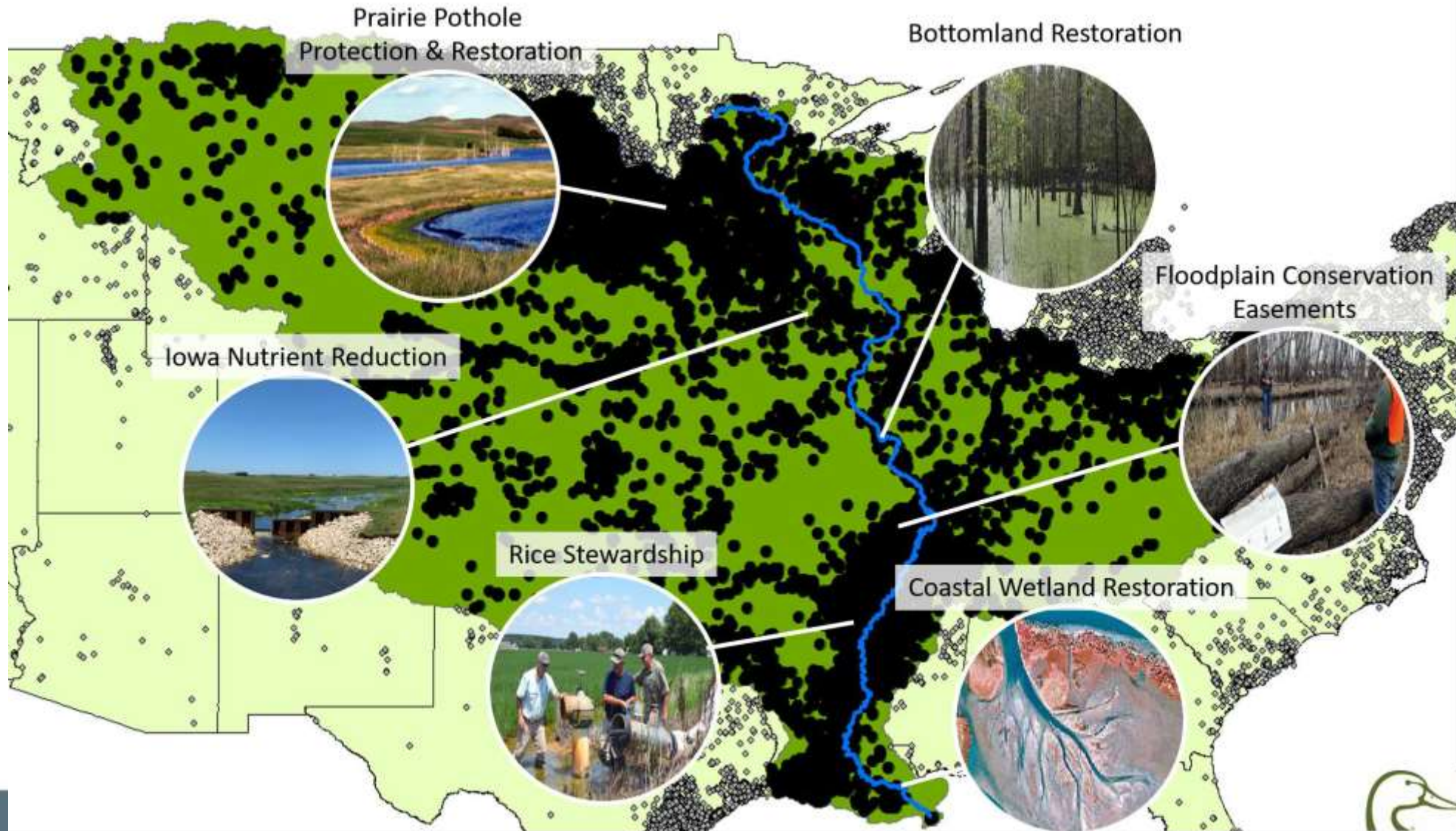
Priority Landscapes =
Habitat Loss Risk
+
Breeding
+
Bioenergetics
+
Cost



How We Work

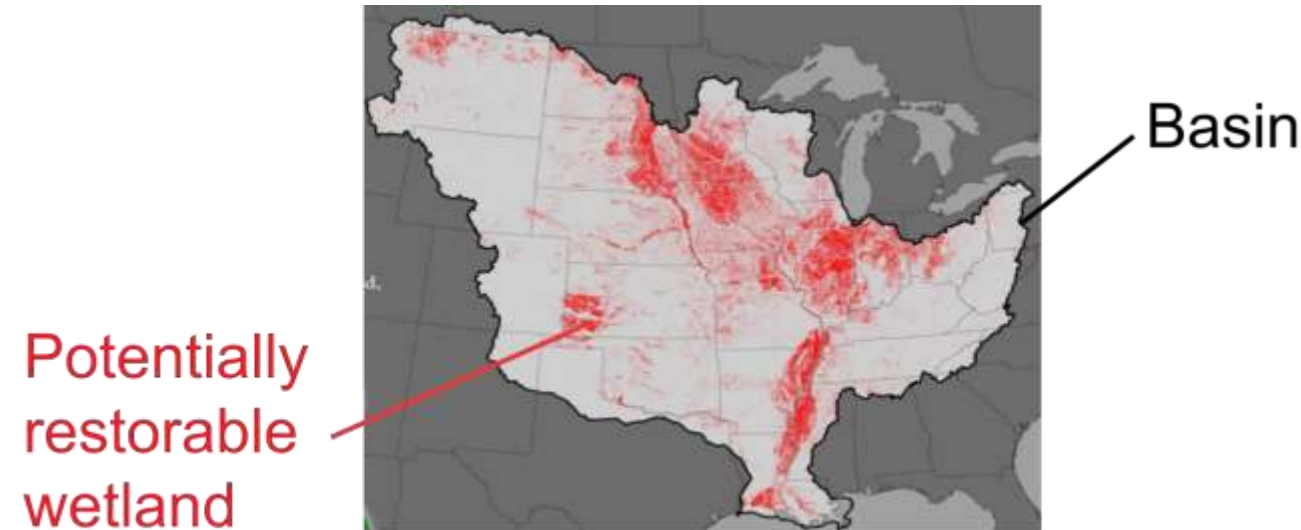


Ducks Unlimited's Work on the Mississippi & Basin



Restoration Needs in the Mississippi Corridor

- Wildlife conservation
 - Insufficient or degraded habitat
 - Connectivity
 - Safeguards to protect against shortfalls driven by climate extremes
- Humans (Nature Based Solutions)
 - Hydrologic regulation (drought & flood)
 - Water quality
- From headwaters to bottomland and batture lands



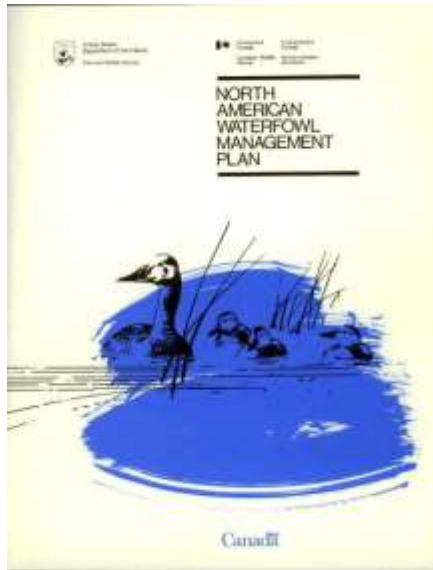
Data & Science for Habitat Conservation



- Inform decisions
 - Right projects, right places, right design
 - Bring stakeholders to the table early
- Evaluate outcomes
 - Multiple outcomes and tradeoffs
 - Intended and unintended consequences
 - Return on Investment or Benefit-Cost Analysis
- Adaptive Management
 - Feedback between science and practice

An Example From the Migratory Bird Community

North American Waterfowl Management Plan



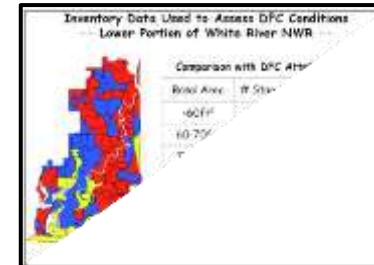
Migratory Bird Joint Ventures



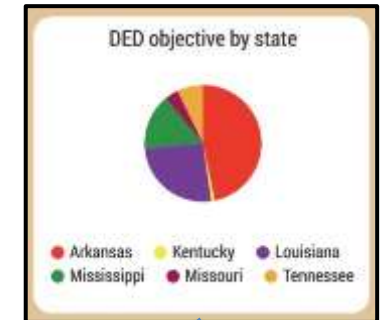
Regional Planning



Data Collection



Planning Objectives

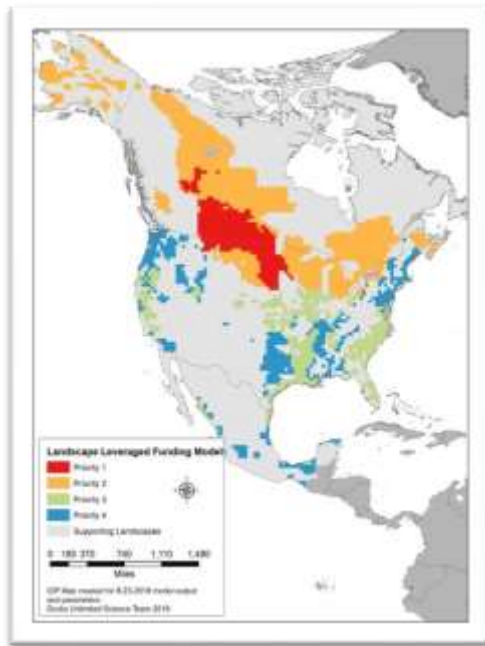


Project Delivery

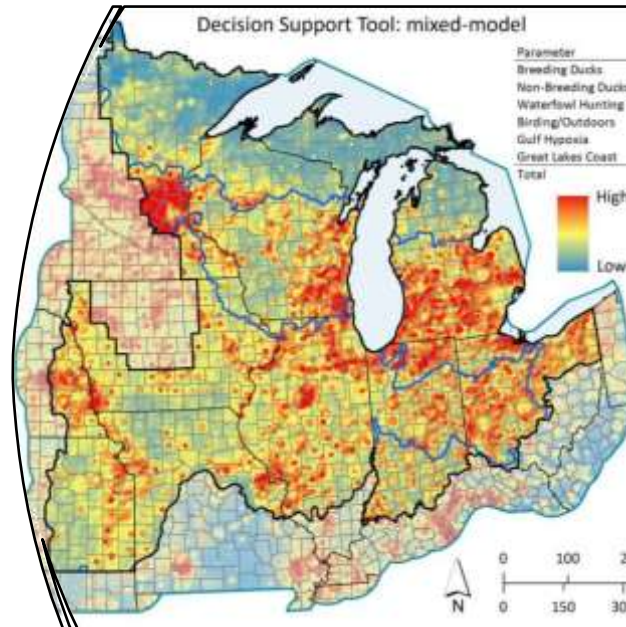


Data Needs to Inform Across Scales

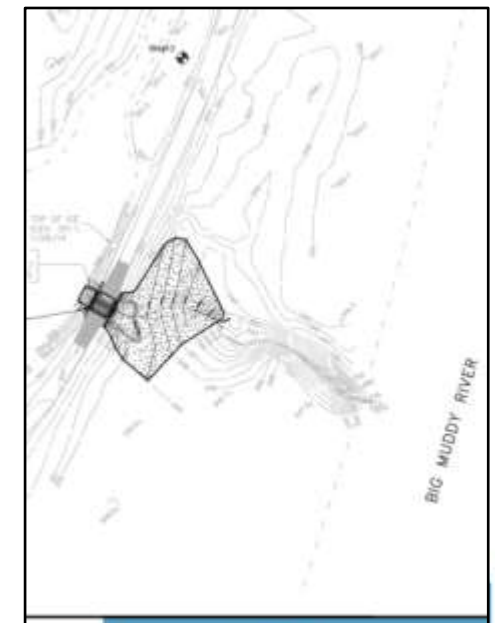
National planning



Regional planning



Local planning

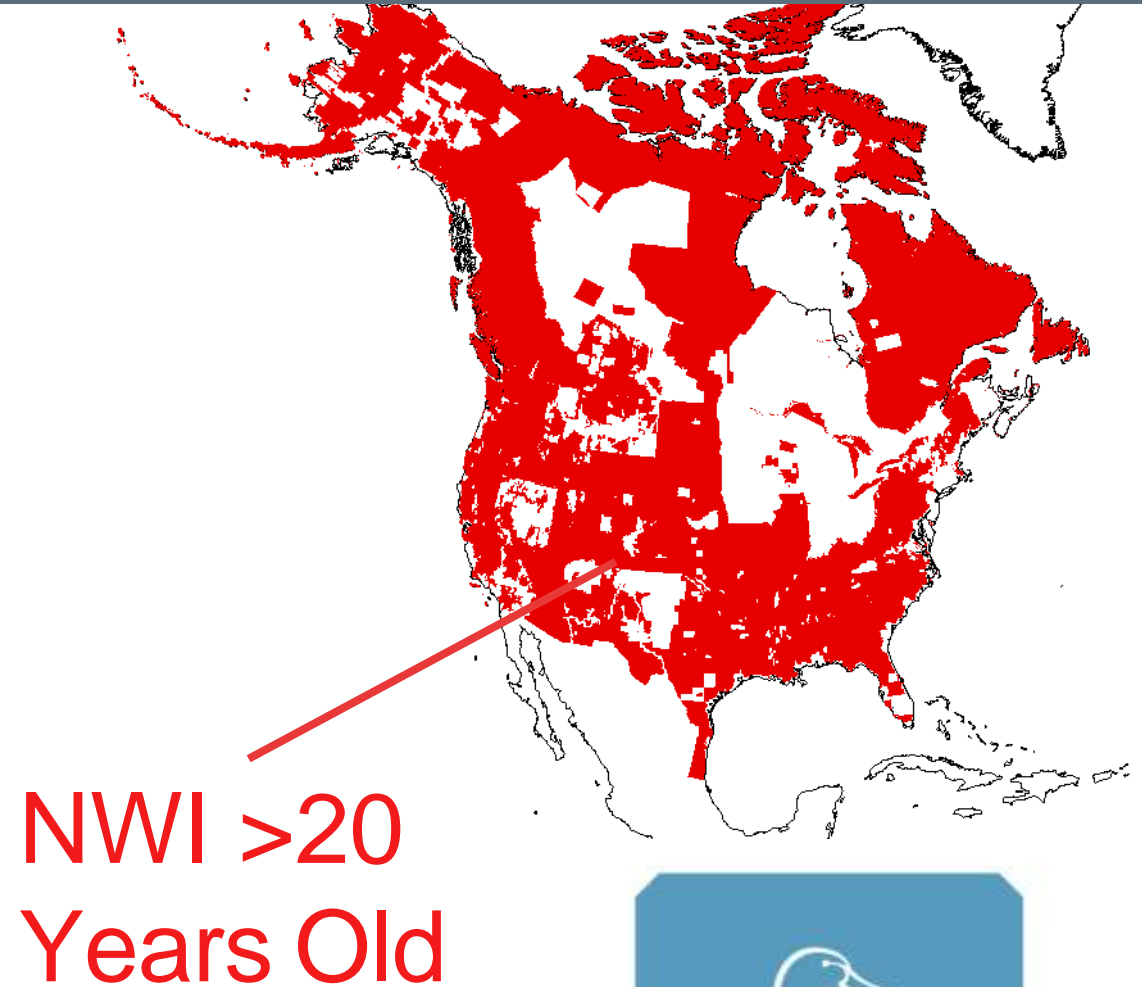




Specific Data Needs



- National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)
 - >50 years old for much of the corridor
- Foundational Data Needs
 - Optical imagery
 - Lidar
 - Radar
- Update with higher frequency
- Other applications
 - Other Land Use Land Cover analysis
 - Status and trends
 - Habitat modeling

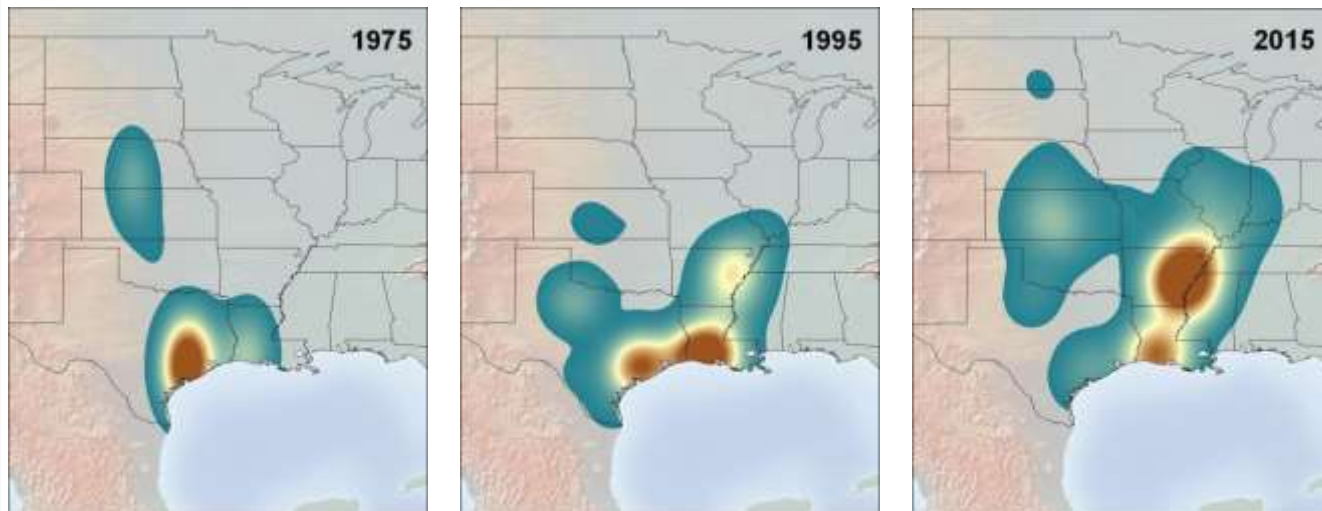


National: Improved Data for Understanding Changing Habitat Conditions

Example: Understanding changes in wintering waterfowl distributions

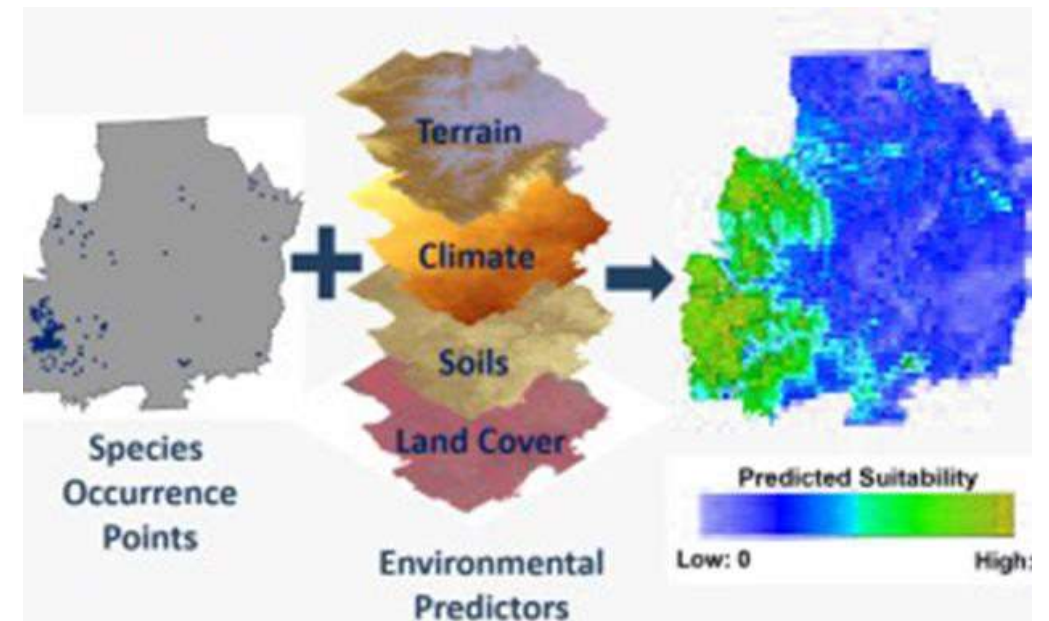


Winter distribution of white-fronted geese



Moore et al. *in press*

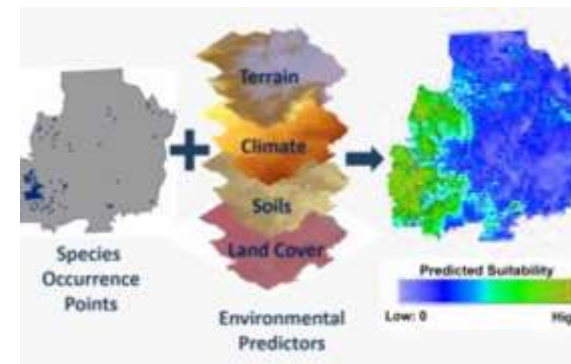
Investigate climate and land use drivers



UNLIMITED

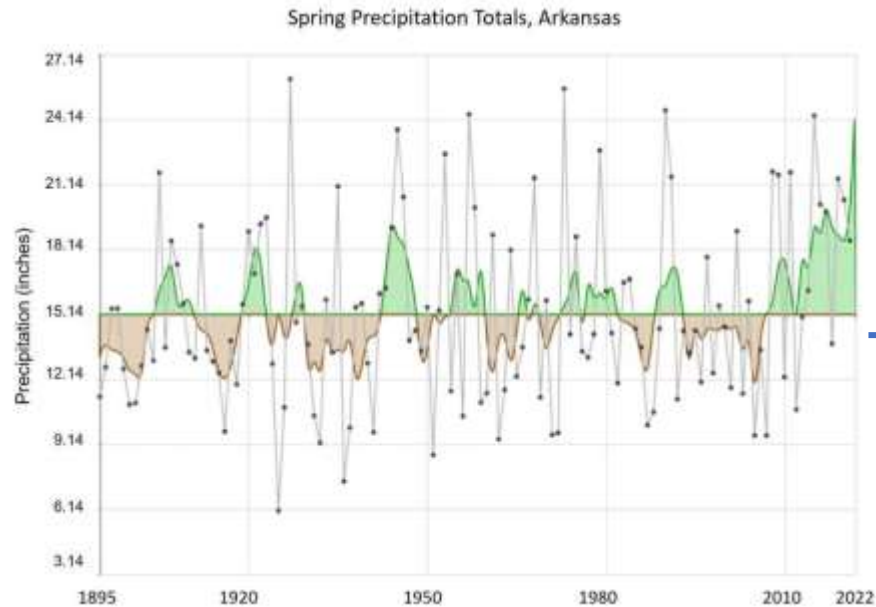
National: Data Assessment for Changing Habitat Conditions

- Past climate data: **Good**
- Waterfowl abundance data: **Fair**
 - Band recovery
 - Surveys
 - Advancing citizen science
 - eBird
- Land Use Land Cover: **Needs Improvement**
 - Index habitat conditions
 - Monthly or semi-monthly frequency
 - Flooding under vegetation
- Future climate & hydrology data: **Fair**
 - Hydrologic change
 - Downscaling climate models

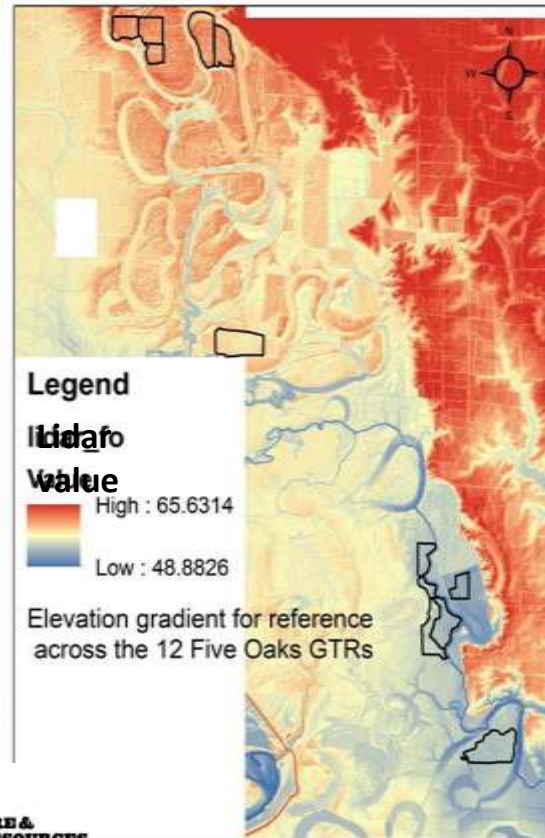


Regional: Bottomland Hardwood Health and Restoration Success

Increase in spring precipitation

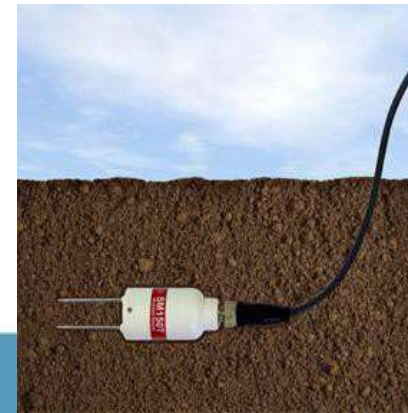
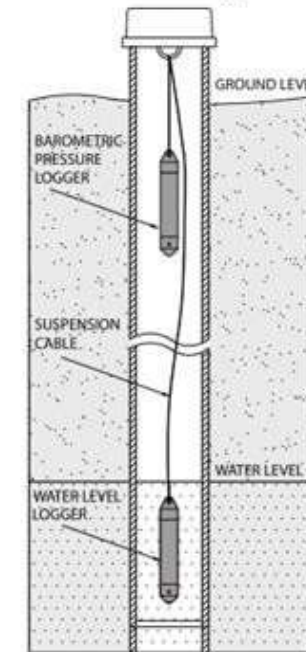


Topographic relief and hydrologic modification



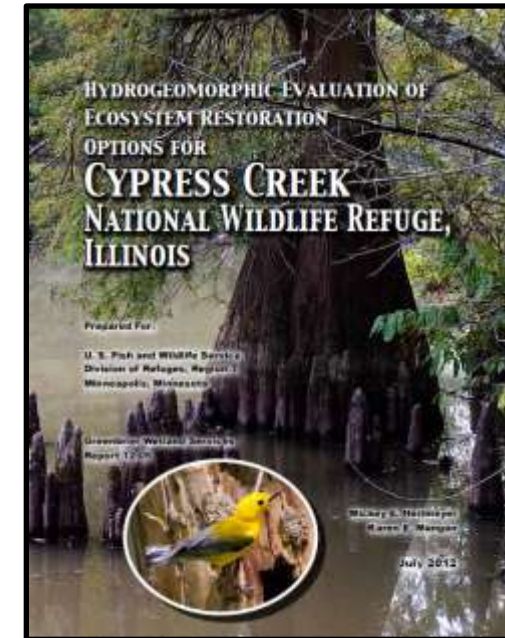
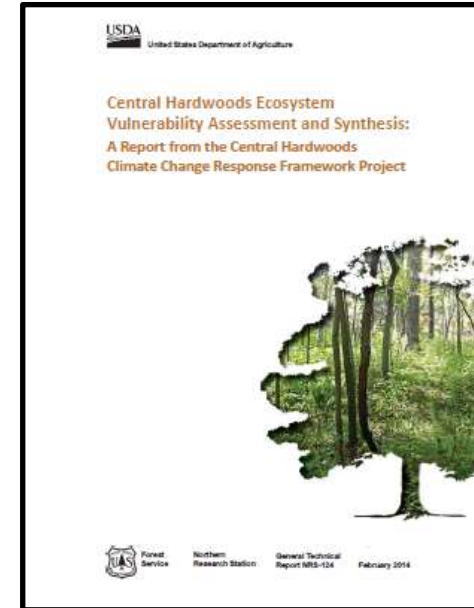
Change in hydroperiod = tree stress

Non-vented with two loggers



Regional: Data Assessment for Bottomland Hardwoods

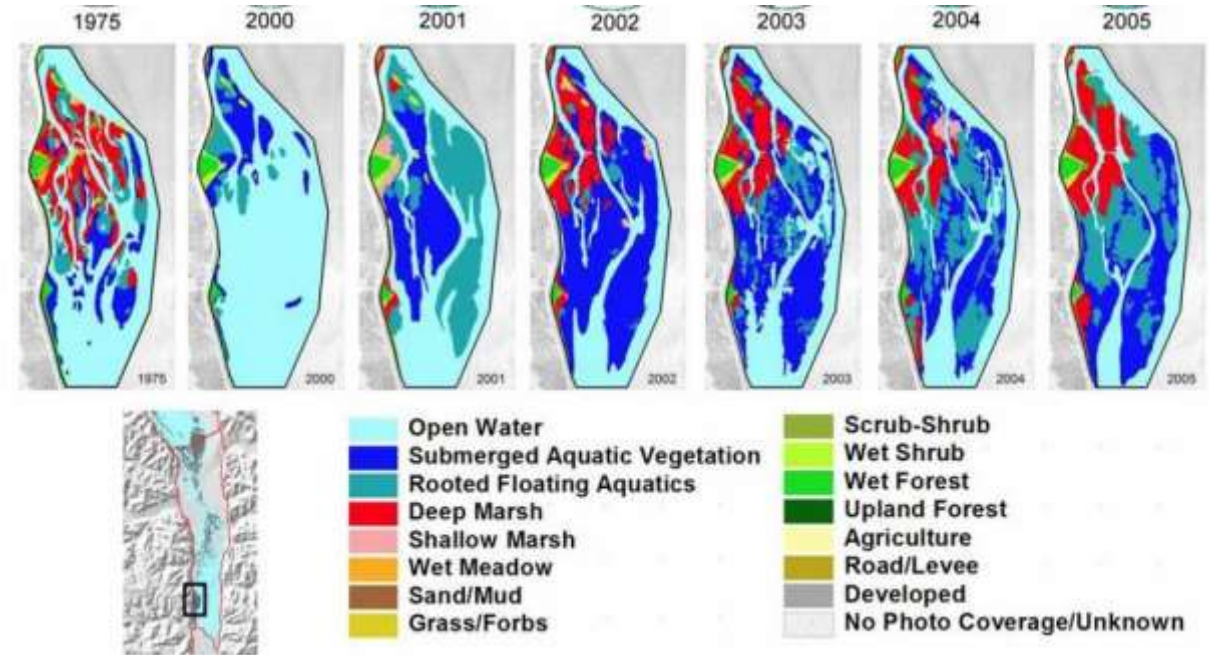
- Feedbacks between hydroperiod & tree physiology (physical drivers & biota)
 - Tree species tolerance
- Current & future hydrologic conditions
 - Climate data: **Good**
 - Topographic/drainage modification: **Needs Improvement**
 - Lidar
 - Flood conditions
 - Drainage modification & water management*
- “Climate Ready Forests” in Central Hardwoods



Regional: Navigation Pool Management & Habitat for Migratory Birds

- Navigation pools of the Upper Mississippi River = stopover habitats for diving ducks
- Climate & land use change
 - River flow
 - Management plans
 - Nutrients & sediment
 - Habitat

Pool 8 Raft Channel West Time Series



Water Level Management Taskforce, 2007

Regional: Data for Pool Management & Habitat

- Land Use Land Cover
 - Vegetation
- Hydrology (current & predicted)
- Water management*
- Habitat use
 - Connect migratory bird use to changing landcover and abiotic drivers

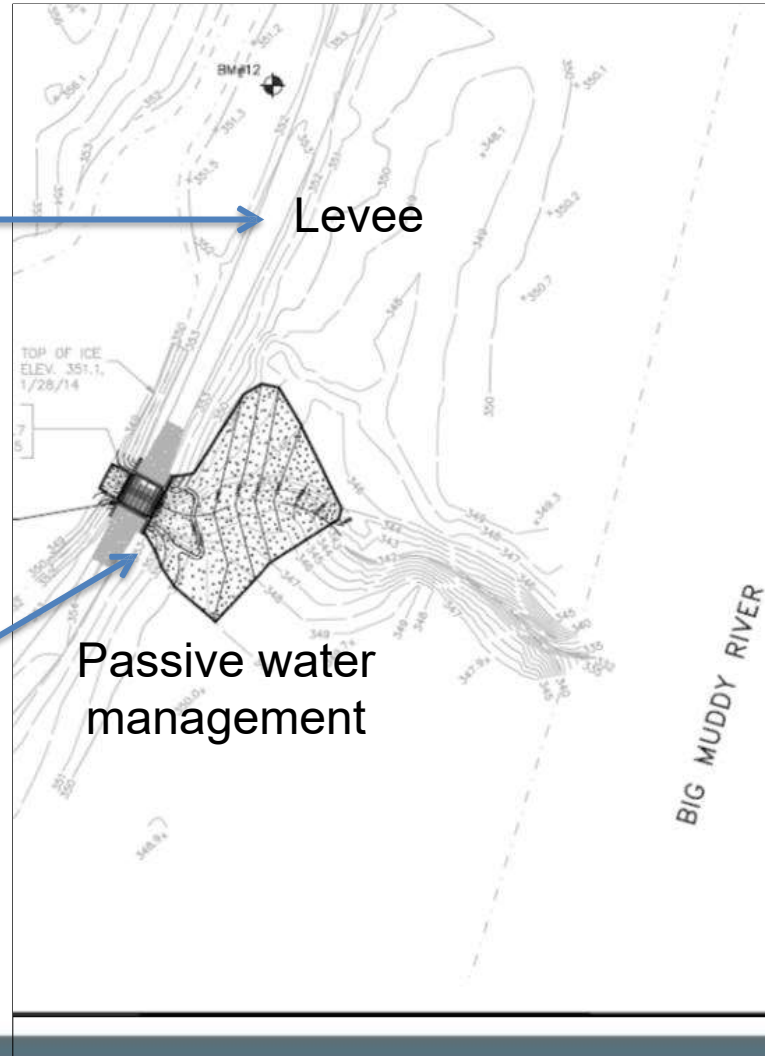


Local: Turkey Bayou - Shawnee National Forest

Soils



Geotech
Stability



Levee

Passive water
management

BIG MUDDY RIVER

Completed
Project

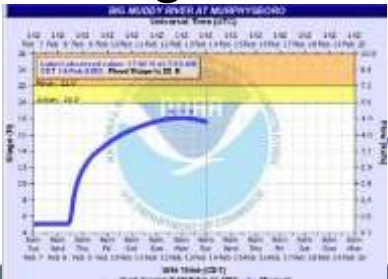


Lidar/Topography



Hydrology

Gauge Data



Local: Data Assessment for River Projects

- Data access efficiency: **Needs Improvement**
 - Ease of access
 - Clearinghouse
- Soils: **Good**
- Elevation/topography: **Fair**
 - Lidar frequency
- Land Use Land Cover: **Needs Improvement**
 - Historical imagery
 - Recent optical imagery
- Hydrology: **Fair / Needs Improvement**
 - Current and historic gauge data
 - Flood extent
 - Flood modeling (USACE)
 - Future flood regimes

Local + National: Geospatial Project Database

GLRI Project Map



USACE UMRR HREP Map



- Evaluate progress towards shared goals
- Coordinate resources
- ID sites and partners for monitoring
- Evaluate project persistence
- Assess cumulative impacts

Conclusions

- The river is a shared resource... How do we better collect and share data and planning objectives?
 - Data & project clearinghouse
- Data should inform planning, evaluation and adaptive management.
 - Climate & soils
 - Land Use Land Cover
 - Lidar topography
 - Flood extent & flooded habitat condition
 - Biotic response to flooding and other abiotic drivers
 - Current & future hydrologic models
- These data are crucial for many purposes, including conservation to benefit waterfowl, other wetland-dependent wildlife, and people that value them.

